WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2024 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

Senate Bill 164

BY SENATORS HUNT AND DEEDS

[Introduced January 10, 2024]

A BILL to amend and reenact §61-3B-3, §61-3B-6, and §61-3B-7 of the Code of West Virginia,
1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated
§61-3B-8, all relating generally to trespass; making double damages applicable to all
violations of the article; authorizing sentencing court to assess cleanup expenses; and
authorizing courts presiding in cases for misdemeanor violations of the article to defer
entry of judgment and dismiss the charges if payment of ordered damages is made within
six months after conviction.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 3B. TRESPASS.

§61-3B-3. Trespass on property other than structure or conveyance.

(a) It is an unlawful trespass for any person to knowingly, and without being authorized,
 licensed, or invited, to enter or remain on any property, other than a structure or conveyance, as
 to which notice against entering or remaining is either given by actual communication to such
 person or by posting, fencing, or cultivation.

(b) *First offense conviction.* — Upon a first trespassing conviction pursuant to subsection
(a) of this section, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than \$100 nor
more than \$500.

8 (c) *Second offense conviction.* — Upon a second trespassing conviction pursuant to 9 subsection (a) of this section, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less 10 than \$500 nor more than \$1,000.

(d) *Third offense conviction.* — Upon a third and subsequent trespassing conviction
pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined
not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$1,500.

(e) If the offender defies an order to leave, personally communicated to him or her by the
owner, tenant, or agent of such the owner or tenant, or if the offender opens any door, fence, or
gate, and thereby exposes animals, crops, or other property to waste, destruction, or freedom, or

17 causes any damage to property by such trespassing on property other than a structure or 18 conveyance, he or she is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 19 less than \$100 nor more than \$500, confined in jail for not more than six months, or both fined 20 and confined.

(f) If the offender is armed with a firearm or other dangerous weapon with the unlawful and
felonious intent to do bodily injury to a human being during his or her commission of the offense
of trespass on property other than a structure or conveyance, such the offender, notwithstanding
§61-7-1 of this code, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined
in jail for not more than six months, fined not more than \$100, or both confined and fined.

(g) Notwithstanding and in addition to any other penalties provided by law, any person
 who performs or causes damage to property in the course of a willful trespass shall be liable to
 the property owner in the amount of twice the amount of such damage. However, this article shall
 not apply in a labor dispute

§61-3B-6. Mine trespass; penalties.

1 (a) A person who willfully enters an underground coal mine, whether active workings, 2 inactive workings, or abandoned workings, without permission, is guilty of a felony and, upon 3 conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a correctional facility not less than one year and nor 4 more than 10 years and shall be fined not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000: Provided, 5 That for any conviction pursuant to this subsection, any inactive or abandoned underground 6 workings must be either: (1) Sealed; or (2) clearly identified by signage at some conspicuous 7 place near the entrance of the mine that includes a notice that the unauthorized entry into the 8 mine is a felony criminal offense.

9 (b) A person who willfully enters a surface coal mine, whether active workings, inactive 10 workings, or abandoned workings, without permission, and with the intent to commit a felony or 11 any larceny, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail not 12 less than one week and not more than one month and shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor

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more than \$5,000. For a second conviction, pursuant to this subsection, the person shall be guilty of a felony and shall be confined imprisoned in a correctional facility not less than one year and not more than five years and shall be fined not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000. For a third or subsequent conviction, pursuant to this subsection, the person shall be guilty of a felony and shall be imprisoned in a correctional facility not less than five years and not more than 10 years and shall be fined not less than \$10,000 nor more than \$25,000.

(c) If a person violates subsections (a) or (b) of this section, and during any rescue efforts
for any such that person there occurs an injury that causes substantial physical pain, illness, or
any impairment of physical condition to any person other than himself or herself, then that person
is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not less than
one week and not more than one year and shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than
\$5,000: *Provided*, That such the jail term shall include actual confinement of not less than seven
days.

(d) If a person violates subsections (a) or (b) of this section, and during any rescue efforts
for any such that person there occurs an injury that creates a substantial risk of death, causes
serious or prolonged disfigurement, prolonged impairment of health, or prolonged loss or
impairment of the function of any bodily organ to any person other than himself or herself, then
that person is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a correctional
facility for not less than two nor more than 10 years and shall be fined not less than \$5,000 nor
more than \$10,000.

(e) If a person violates subsections (a) or (b) of this section, and during any rescue efforts
of such person, the death of any other person occurs, then that person is guilty of a felony and,
upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a correctional facility for not less than three nor
more than 15 years and shall be fined not less than \$10,000 nor more than \$25,000.

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37 (f) Notwithstanding and in addition to any other penalties provided by law, any person who 38 performs or causes damage to property in the course of a willful trespass in violation of this section 39 is liable to the property owner in the amount of twice the amount of such damage 40 (g)(f) The terms "mine", "active workings", "inactive workings", and "abandoned workings" 41 have the same meaning ascribed to such terms them as set forth in §22A-1-2 of this code. 42 (h)(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent lawful assembly and petition 43 for the lawful redress of grievances, during any dispute, including, but not limited to, activities 44 protected by the West Virginia Constitution, or the United States Constitution, or any statute of 45 this state or the United States. §61-3B-7. Animal or crop facilities trespass; penalties; injunctive relief. 1 (a) As used in this section: 2 (1) "Animal" means poultry, livestock, domestic animals, and captive cervids owned and 3 possessed by persons licensed pursuant to §19-2H-1 et seq. of this code. The term does not 4 include an animal used for illegal gaming. 5 (2) "Animal or crop facility" means a facility that is used in the production, management, 6 sale, or processing of animals or crops. The term includes, but is not limited to: 7 (A) A building, greenhouse, structure, laboratory, pasture, field, paddock, pond, 8 impoundment, or premises where animals or crops are located; 9 (B) A managed bee colony; 10 (C) A livestock market; 11 (D) A facility used for the preparation of, or processing of, animals, crops, or value-added 12 foods for sale; and 13 (E) A facility used to carry out any agritourism activity, as that term is defined and used in 14 §19-36-1 et seq. of this code. 15 (3) "Crop" means a shrub, vine, tree, seedling, shoot, slip, or other plant capable of 16 producing food, fiber, medicine, nursery stock, floral products, or aesthetic beauty.

(b) Any person who willfully trespasses on the property of another which constitutes an
animal or crop facility with the intent to commit larceny, destroy property, or disrupt the operation
of the facility is guilty of willful trespass upon an animal or crop facility.

(c) Any person who conspires with one or more persons to violate subsection (b) of this
 section and commits an overt act in furtherance thereof is guilty of conspiracy to willfully trespass
 upon an animal or crop facility.

(d) Any person who violates subsection (b) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and,
upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000 or confined in jail
not more than 30 days, or both fined and confined.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, any person convicted
of a second or subsequent violation of subsection (b) or a violation of subsection (c) of this section
is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$5,000 nor more than
\$10,000 or imprisoned in a state correctional facility for not less than one nor more than five years,
or both fined and imprisoned.

(f) Notwithstanding and in addition to any other penalties provided by law, any person who
 performs, or causes damage to property in the course of, a willful trespass in violation of this
 section is liable to the owner or operator of the animal or crop facility in the amount of twice any
 damage caused

35 (g)(f) The owner or operator of an animal or crop facility may bring an action for injunctive
 36 relief against a person who engages in, or threatens to engage in, conduct that constitutes a
 37 violation of this section:

(1) The action may be brought in the circuit court of any county in which any part of theconduct or threatened conduct occurs or is threatened to occur.

40 (2) The circuit court may grant any appropriate injunctive relief to prevent or abate the
 41 conduct or threatened conduct, including a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, or
 42 permanent injunction.

43 (3) The circuit court may issue injunctive relief without the owner or operator of an animal44 or crop facility giving security for its issuance.

§61-3B-8. Liability for damages; deferred judgment; dismissal.

- 1 (a) Any person convicted of a criminal offense in this article is liable to the victim in an
- 2 amount equal to twice the monetary value of any damage or waste he or she caused to the
- 3 property which includes cost of cleanup.
- 4 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, a court presiding over a
- 5 misdemeanor violation of this article may defer entry of the judgment of conviction for a period
- 6 not to exceed six months and if the damages authorized by subsection (a) of this section are paid
- 7 within that time period, dismiss the charge.